

Table 11 Occupational Disease Data by Subsector and Gender; 1983-2007

Subsector	Number of claims 1983-2007 males	Number of claims 1983-2007 Females	Number of claims 1983-2007 Total
Agriculture	707	702	1,409
Fishing	1,020	211	1,231
Forestry	4,567	482	5,049
Oil, gas, or mineral resources	2,106	67	2,173
Food and beverage products	3,447	2,784	6,231
Metal and mineral products	9,246	456	9,702
Petroleum, other chemical products	1,319	476	1,795
Wood and paper products	10,462	1,381	11,843
Manufacture of other products	1,219	643	1,862
General construction	10,732	304	11,037
Heavy construction	393	7	400
Road construction or maintenance	750	82	832
Warehousing	319	71	390
Transportation and related	4,755	610	5,366
Retail trade	2,760	5,336	8,096
Wholesale trade	945	407	1,351
Local government	3,063	936	3,999
Accommodation, food and leisure	2,536	4,846	7,382
Business services	297	941	1,238
Professional, technical services	614	590	1,203
Other services	6,273	1,712	7,985
Education	1,322	1,583	2,905
Health care	1,512	8,401	9,913
Utilities	608	279	887
Self-insured employers	3,481	2,389	5,870
No subsector	105	21	126
Total	74,559	35,716	110,275

(1) The 'number of claims' is the count of claims accepted for short term disability (STD) benefits, long term disability (LTD) benefits or survivor benefits in the period. Claims with only health care benefits are not included in the count.

- (2) The count statistics have been adjusted for the effect of uncoded claims. The adjusted statistics are rounded and shown as whole numbers. These whole numbers will not necessarily add up to the row and column totals shown because the totals are rounded independently.
- (3) Some 'business services' and related industries were covered under the Workers' Compensation Act in 1994.
- (4) Some employers have been reclassified since their initial classification into a subsector. The above table reflects such changes as of the reclassification date, but not retroactively.